

PYQSide

NEET LOCOMOTION AND MOVEMENT — PYQS

Max. Marks: 244

Questions: 61

Section A (MCQ)

Q.1 Match **List I** with **List II** related to muscular/skeletal system : [NEET (UG) 2026]

List-I		List-II	
A.	Tetany	I.	Inflammation of joints
B.	Arthritis	II.	Autoimmune disorder affecting neuromuscular junction
C.	Myasthenia gravis	III.	Wild contraction in muscle due to low Ca^{++} in body fluid
D.	Muscular dystrophy	IV.	Progressive degeneration of skeletal muscle

- (1) A-IV, B-III, C-II, D-I (2) A-III, B-I, C-II, D-IV
(3) A-I, B-II, C-III, D-IV (4) A-III, B-II, C-I, D-IV

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Q.2 Choose the correct statements regarding muscle contraction.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- A. A motor neuron carries a signal sent by the Central Nervous System (CNS) to the sarcolemma of the muscle fibre.
B. The neural signal generates an action potential which causes the release of Ca^{++} into sarcoplasm.
C. Increase in Ca^{++} inactivates the actin for breaking cross bridges.
D. Actin binds to the myosin head to form a cross bridge.
E. Shortening of sarcomere takes place, by pulling actin filaments towards the centre of 'A' band.

[NEET (UG) 2026]

- (1) A and B only (2) C and E only
(3) C and D only (4) A, B, D and E only

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Q.3 Which of the following statements are correct with reference to human endoskeleton?

- A. Human skull is monocondylic.
B. The joint between any two adjoining vertebrae is a cartilaginous joint.
C. In human beings, the number of cervical vertebrae is seven.
D. All ribs except the last 2 pairs are bicephalic.
E. The occipital bone of skull is articulated with atlas vertebra.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[NEET (UG) 2026]

- (1) C, D and E only (2) B, C and E only
(3) A, B and D only (4) B and E only

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Q.4 Which of the following represents the correct sequence of arrangement of bones in the lower limb of humans? [RE-NEET (UG) 2026]

- (1) Femur-tarsal-patella-tibia
(2) Femur-tibia-patella-tarsal
(3) Patella-femur-tibia-tarsal
(4) Femur-patella-tibia-tarsal

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Q.5 The number of vertebrae in a human is _____. [RE-NEET (UG) 2026]

- (1) 206 (2) 7 (3) 12 (4) 26

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Q.6 Sperm motility is due to _____. [RE-NEET (UG) 2026]

- (1) muscular movement (2) flagellar movement
(3) ciliary movement (4) amoeboid movement

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Q.7 Muscle contraction is initiated by a signal sent by the central nervous system by the release of _____. [RE-NEET (UG) 2026]

- (1) cyclic adenosine monophosphate
 (2) acetylcholine
 (3) acetyl coenzyme A
 (4) cyclic guanosine monophosphate

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Q.8 Which of the following is the correct order of arrangement of vertebral column from the head to toe?

[RE-NEET (UG) 2026]

- (1) Cervical vertebra, thoracic vertebra, lumbar vertebra, sacrum
 (2) Cervical vertebra, thoracic vertebra, sacrum, lumbar vertebra
 (3) Sacrum, lumbar vertebra, thoracic vertebra, cervical vertebra
 (4) Cervical vertebra, lumbar vertebra, thoracic vertebra, sacrum

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Q.9 Which of the following are Autoimmune disorders?

- A. Myasthenia gravis
 B. Rheumatoid arthritis
 C. Gout
 D. Muscular dystrophy
 E. Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE)

Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

[NEET (UG) 2024]

- (1) A, B & D only (2) A, B & E only
 (3) B, C & E only (4) C, D & E only

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Q.10 Match List I with List II :

List - I		List - II	
A.	Fibrous joints	I.	Adjacent vertebrae, limited movement
B.	Cartilaginous joints	II.	Humerus and Pectoral girdle, rotational movement
C.	Hinge joints	III.	Skull, don't allow any movement
D.	Ball and socket joints	IV.	Knee, help in locomotion

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

[NEET (UG) 2024]

- (1) A-IV, B-II, C-III, D-I (2) A-I, B-III, C-II, D-IV
 (3) A-II, B-III, C-I, D-IV (4) A-III, B-I, C-IV, D-II

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Q.11 Match List-I with List-II:

List - I Location of Joint		List - II Type of Joint	
A.	Joint between humerus and pectoral girdle	I.	Gliding joint
B.	Knee joint	II.	Ball and Socket joint
C.	Joint between atlas and axis	III.	Hinge joint
D.	Joint between carpals	IV.	Pivot joint

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[RE-NEET (UG) 2024]

- (1) A-II, B-III, C-IV, D-I (2) A-III, B-II, C-I, D-IV
 (3) A-I, B-IV, C-III, D-II (4) A-II, B-I, C-III, D-IV

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Q.12 Select the correct statements regarding mechanism of muscle contraction.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- A. It is initiated by a signal sent by CNS via sensory neuron.
 B. Neurotransmitter generates action potential in the sarcolemma.
 C. Increased Ca^{++} level leads to the binding of calcium with troponin on actin filaments.
 D. Masking of active site for actin is activated.
 E. Utilising the energy from ATP hydrolysis to form cross bridge.

[RE-NEET (UG) 2024]

- (1) B, C and E only (2) C, D and E only
 (3) A and D only (4) B, D and E only

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Q.13 Match List I with List II.

List I (Type of Joint)		List II (Found between)	
A.	Cartilaginous Joint	I.	Between flat skull bones
B.	Ball and Socket Joint	II.	Between adjacent vertebrae in vertebral column

List I (Type of Joint)		List II (Found between)	
C.	Fibrous Joint	III.	Between carpal and metacarpal of thumb
D.	Saddle Joint	IV.	Between humerus and pectoral girdle

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[NEET (UG) 2023]

- (1) A-II, B-IV, C-I, D-III (2) A-I, B-IV, C-III, D-II
(3) A-II, B-IV, C-III, D-I (4) A-III, B-I, C-II, D-IV

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Q.14 Which of the following statements are correct regarding skeletal muscle?

- A. Muscle bundles are held together by collagenous connective tissue layer called fascicle.
B. Sarcoplasmic reticulum of muscle fibre is a store house of calcium ions.
C. Striated appearance of skeletal muscle fibre is due to distribution pattern of actin and myosin proteins.
D. M line is considered as functional unit of contraction called sarcomere.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

[NEET (UG) 2023]

- (1) B and C only (2) A, C and D only
(3) C and D only (4) A, B and C only

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Q.15 Given below are two statements : one is labelled as **Assertion (A)** and the other is labelled as **Reason (R)**.

Assertion (A): Osteoporosis is characterised by decreased bone mass and increased chance of fractures.

Reason (R): Common cause of osteoporosis is increased levels of estrogen.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

[NEET (UG) 2022]

- (1) Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
(2) Both (A) and (R) are correct but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
(3) (A) is correct but (R) is not correct
(4) (A) is not correct but (R) is correct

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Q.16 Which of the following is a correct match for disease and its symptoms?

[NEET (UG) 2022]

- (1) Arthritis - Inflamed joints
(2) Tetany - High Ca^{2+} level causing rapid spasms
(3) Myasthenia gravis - Genetic disorder resulting in weakening and paralysis of skeletal muscle
(4) Muscular dystrophy - An auto immune disorder causing progressive degeneration of skeletal muscle

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Q.17 According to the sliding filament theory:

[NEET (UG) 2022 (Phase 2)]

- (1) The actin filaments slide away from A-band resulting in shortening of sarcomere.
(2) Actin and myosin filaments slide over each other to increase the length of the sarcomere.
(3) Length of A-band does not change
(4) I-band increases in length.

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Q.18 Gout is a type of disorder which leads to:

[NEET (UG) 2022 (Phase 2)]

- (1) Weakening of bones due to low calcium level
(2) Inflammation of joints due to accumulation of uric acid crystals
(3) Weakening of bones due to decreased bone mass
(4) Inflammation of joints due to cartilage degeneration

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Q.19 Chronic auto immune disorder affecting neuro muscular junction leading to fatigue, weakening and paralysis of skeletal muscle is called as :

[NEET (UG) 2021]

- (1) Gout (2) Arthritis
(3) Muscular dystrophy (4) Myasthenia gravis

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Q.20 Match List-I with List-II

List-I		List-II	
a.	Scapula	i.	Cartilaginous joints
b.	Cranium	ii.	Flat bone
c.	Sternum	iii.	Fibrous joints
d.	Vertebral column	iv.	Triangular flat bone

Choose the correct answer from the options given below

[NEET (UG) 2021]

- (1) (a)-(iv), (b)-(iii), (c)-(ii), (d)-(i)
 (2) (a)-(i), (b)-(iii), (c)-(ii), (d)-(iv)
 (3) (a)-(ii), (b)-(iii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(i)
 (4) (a)-(iv), (b)-(ii), (c)-(iii), (d)-(i)

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Q.21 During muscular contraction which of the following events occur?

- A. 'H' zone disappears
 B. 'A' band widens
 C. 'I' band reduces in width
 D. Myosin hydrolyzes ATP, releasing the ADP and P_i .
 E. Z-lines attached to actins are pulled inwards.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below. [NEET (UG) 2021]

- (1) B, D, E and A only (2) A, C, D and E only
 (3) A, B, C and D only (4) B, C, D and E only

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Q.22 Match the following columns and select the correct option. [NEET (UG) 2020]

Column-I		Column-II	
a.	Floating Ribs	i.	Located between second and seventh ribs
b.	Acromion	ii.	Head of the Humerus
c.	Scapula	iii.	Clavicle
d.	Glenoid cavity	iv.	Do not connect with the sternum

- (1) (a)-(ii), (b)-(iv), (c)-(i), (d)-(iii)
 (2) (a)-(i), (b)-(iii), (c)-(ii), (d)-(iv)
 (3) (a)-(iv), (b)-(iii), (c)-(i), (d)-(ii)
 (4) (a)-(iii), (b)-(ii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(i)

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Q.23 Select the correct option : [NEET (UG) 2019]

- (1) Each rib is a flat thin bone and all the ribs are connected dorsally to the thoracic vertebrae and ventrally to the sternum
 (2) There are seven pairs of vertebrosteral, three pairs of vertebrochondral and two pairs of vertebral ribs
 (3) 8th, 9th and 10th pairs of ribs articulate directly with the sternum
 (4) 11th and 12th pairs of ribs are connected to the sternum with the help of hyaline cartilage.

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Q.24 Which of the following muscular disorders is inherited? [NEET (UG) 2019]

- (1) Myasthenia gravis (2) Botulism
 (3) Tetany (4) Muscular dystrophy

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Q.25 Calcium is important in skeletal muscle contraction because it [NEET 2018]

- (1) detaches the myosin head from the actin filament
 (2) binds to troponin to remove the masking of active sites on actin for myosin
 (3) prevents the formation of bonds between the myosin cross bridges and the actin filament
 (4) activates the myosin ATPase by binding to it

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Q.26 Which of the following hormones can play a significant role in osteoporosis? [NEET 2018]

- (1) Estrogen and parathyroid hormone
 (2) Aldosterone and prolactin
 (3) Progesterone and aldosterone
 (4) Parathyroid hormone and prolactin

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Q.27 The pivot joint between atlas and axis is a type of

[NEET 2017]

- (1) cartilaginous joint (2) synovial joint
 (3) saddle joint (4) fibrous joint.

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Q.28 Out of 'X' pairs of ribs in humans only 'Y' pairs are true ribs. Select the option that correctly represents values of X and Y and provides their explanation.

[NEET 2017]

- (1) X = 12, Y = 5; True ribs are attached dorsally to vertebral column and sternum on the two ends
 (2) X = 24, Y = 2; The true ribs are dorsally attached to vertebral column but are free on ventral side
 (3) X = 24, Y = 12; True ribs are dorsally attached to vertebral column but are free on ventral side
 (4) X = 12, Y = 7; True ribs are attached dorsally to vertebral column and ventrally to the sternum

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Q.29 Lack of relaxation between successive stimuli in sustained muscle contraction is known as

[NEET 2016 (Phase 1)]

- (1) tetanus (2) tonus (3) spasm (4) fatigue.

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Q.30 Name the ion responsible for unmasking of active sites for myosin for cross-bridge activity during muscle contraction.

[NEET 2016 (Phase 2)]

- (1) Calcium (2) Magnesium
(3) Sodium (4) Potassium

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Q.31 Osteoporosis, an age-related disease of skeletal system, may occur due to

[NEET 2016 (Phase 2)]

- (1) immune disorder affecting neuromuscular junction leading to fatigue
(2) high concentration of Ca^{++} and Na^+
(3) decreased level of estrogen
(4) accumulation of uric acid leading to inflammation of joints.

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Q.32 Which of the following is not a function of the skeletal system?

[AIPMT 2015]

- (1) Production of body heat
(2) Locomotion
(3) Production of erythrocytes
(4) Storage of minerals

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Q.33 Which of the following joints would allow no movements?

[AIPMT 2015]

- (1) Synovial joint (2) Ball and Socket joint
(3) Fibrous joint (4) Cartilaginous joint

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Q.34 Sliding filament theory can be best explained as

[AIPMT 2015 (Cancelled)]

- (1) actin and myosin filaments do not shorten but rather slide past each other
(2) when myofilaments slide past each other, myosin filaments shorten while actin filaments do not shorten
(3) when myofilaments slide past each other actin filaments shorten while myosin filaments do not shorten
(4) actin and myosin filaments shorten and slide past each other.

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Q.35 Glenoid cavity articulates [AIPMT 2015 (Cancelled)]

- (1) clavicle with scapula
(2) humerus with scapula
(3) clavicle with acromion
(4) scapula with acromion.

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Q.36 Select the correct matching of the type of the joint with the example in human skeletal system.

[AIPMT 2014]

- (1) Cartilaginous – Between frontal and parietal
(2) Pivot joint – Between third and fourth cervical vertebrae
(3) Hinge joint – Between humerus and pectoral girdle
(4) Gliding joint – Between carpals

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Q.37 Stimulation of a muscle fiber by a motor neuron occurs at

[AIPMT 2014]

- (1) the neuromuscular junction
(2) the transverse tubules
(3) the myofibril
(4) the sarcoplasmic reticulum.

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Q.38 Select the correct statement with respect to locomotion in humans.

[NEET 2013]

- (1) The vertebral column has 10 thoracic vertebrae.
(2) The joint between adjacent vertebrae is a fibrous joint.
(3) A decreased level of progesterone causes osteoporosis in old people.
(4) Accumulation of uric acid crystals in joints causes their inflammation.

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Q.39 The H-zone in the skeletal muscle fibre is due to

[NEET 2013]

- (1) the central gap between actin filaments extending through myosin filaments in the A-band
(2) extension of myosin filaments in the central portion of the A-band
(3) the absence of myofibrils in the central portion of A-band
(4) the central gap between myosin filaments in the A-band.

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Q.40 The characteristic and an example of a synovial joint in humans is [NEET 2013]

	Characteristics	Examples
(1)	Fluid filled synovial cavity between two bones	Joint between atlas and axis
	Characteristics	Examples
(2)	Lymph filled between two bones, limited movement	Gliding joint between carpals
	Characteristics	Examples
(3)	Fluid cartilage between two bones, limited movements	Knee joint
	Characteristics	Examples
(4)	Fluid filled between two joints, provides cushion	Skull bones

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Q.41 During muscle contraction in humans, the

[NEET 2013 (Karnataka)]

- (1) sarcomere does not shorten
- (2) A band remains same
- (3) A, H and I bands shorten
- (4) actin filaments shorten.

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Q.42 Select the correct statement with respect to disorders of muscles in humans.

[NEET 2013 (Karnataka)]

- (1) Failure of neuromuscular transmission in myasthenia gravis can prevent normal swallowing.
- (2) Accumulation of urea and creatine in the joints causes their inflammation.
- (3) An overdose of vitamin D causes osteoporosis.
- (4) Rapid contractions of skeletal muscles cause muscle dystrophy.

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Q.43 Which one of the following pairs of chemical substances, is correctly categorised ?

[AIPMT 2012 (Mains)]

- (1) Secretin and rhodopsin - Polypeptide hormones
- (2) Pepsin and prolactin - Two digestive enzymes secreted in stomach
- (3) Troponin and myosin - Complex proteins in striated muscles
- (4) Calcitonin and thymosin - Thyroid hormones

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Q.44 Select the correct statement regarding the specific disorder of muscular or skeletal system.

[AIPMT 2012 (Prelims)]

- (1) Muscular dystrophy – Age related shortening of muscles
- (2) Osteoporosis – Decrease in bone mass and higher chances of fractures with advancing age
- (3) Myasthenia gravis – Autoimmune disorder which inhibits sliding of myosin filaments
- (4) Gout – Inflammation of joints due to extra deposition of calcium

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Q.45 Three of the following pairs of the human skeletal parts are correctly matched with their respective inclusive skeletal category and one pair is not matched. Identify the non-matching pair.

[AIPMT 2011 (Prelims)]

	Pair of skeletal parts	Category
(1)	Sternum and ribs	Axial skeleton
	Pair of skeletal parts	Category
(2)	Clavicle and glenoid	Pelvic girdle
	Pair of skeletal parts	Category
(3)	Humerus and ulna	Appendicular skeleton
	Pair of skeletal parts	Category
(4)	Malleus and stapes	Ear ossicles

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Q.46 Which one of the following pairs of structures is correctly matched with their correct description?

[AIPMT 2010 (Mains)]

- (1) Structure → Tibia and fibula, Description → Both form parts of knee joint
- (2) Structure → Shoulder joint and elbow joint, Description → Ball and socket type of joint
- (3) Structure → Cartilage and cornea, Description → No blood supply but do require oxygen for respiratory need
- (4) Structure → Premolars and molars, Description → 20 in all and 3-rooted

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Q.47 Which one of the following is the correct description of a certain part of a normal human skeleton?

[AIPMT 2010 (Prelims)]

- (1) Parietal bone and the temporal bone of the skull are joined by fibrous joint.
- (2) First vertebra is axis which articulates with the occipital condyles.
- (3) The 9th and 10th pairs of ribs are called the floating ribs.
- (4) Glenoid cavity is a depression to which the thigh bone articulates.

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Q.48 Low Ca^{++} in the body fluid may be the cause of

[AIPMT 2010 (Prelims)]

- (1) tetany
- (2) anaemia
- (3) angina pectoris
- (4) gout

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Q.49 Which one of the following is the correct matching of three items and their grouping category?

[AIPMT 2009]

(1)	<table border="1"> <tr> <th>Items</th><th>Group</th></tr> <tr> <td>Ilium, ischium, pubis</td><td>Coxal bones of pelvic girdle</td></tr> </table>	Items	Group	Ilium, ischium, pubis	Coxal bones of pelvic girdle
Items	Group				
Ilium, ischium, pubis	Coxal bones of pelvic girdle				
(2)	<table border="1"> <tr> <th>Items</th><th>Group</th></tr> <tr> <td>Actin, myosin, rhodopsin</td><td>Muscle proteins</td></tr> </table>	Items	Group	Actin, myosin, rhodopsin	Muscle proteins
Items	Group				
Actin, myosin, rhodopsin	Muscle proteins				
(3)	<table border="1"> <tr> <th>Items</th><th>Group</th></tr> <tr> <td>Cytosine, uracil, thiamine</td><td>Pyrimidines</td></tr> </table>	Items	Group	Cytosine, uracil, thiamine	Pyrimidines
Items	Group				
Cytosine, uracil, thiamine	Pyrimidines				
(4)	<table border="1"> <tr> <th>Items</th><th>Group</th></tr> <tr> <td>Malleus, incus, cochlea</td><td>Ear ossicles</td></tr> </table>	Items	Group	Malleus, incus, cochlea	Ear ossicles
Items	Group				
Malleus, incus, cochlea	Ear ossicles				

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Q.50 Elbow joint is an example of

[AIPMT 2009]

- (1) hinge joint
- (2) gliding joint
- (3) ball and socket joint
- (4) pivot joint.

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Q.51 Which one of the following items gives its correct total number?

[AIPMT 2007]

- (1) Types of diabetes-3
- (2) Cervical vertebrae in humans-8
- (3) Floating ribs in humans-4
- (4) Amino acids found in proteins-16

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Q.52 In human body, which one of the following is anatomically correct?

[AIPMT 2007]

- (1) Collar bones - 3 pairs
- (2) Salivary glands - 1 pair
- (3) Cranial nerves - 10 pairs
- (4) Floating ribs - 2 pairs

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Q.53 The contractile protein of skeletal muscle involving ATPase activity is

[AIPMT 2006]

- (1) troponin
- (2) tropomyosin
- (3) myosin
- (4) α -actinin.

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Q.54 An acromion process is characteristically found in the

[AIPMT 2005]

- (1) pelvic girdle of mammals
- (2) pectoral girdle of mammals
- (3) skull of frog
- (4) sperm of mammals.

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Q.55 Which of the following pairs is correctly matched?

[AIPMT 2005]

- (1) Hinge joint – Between vertebrae
- (2) Gliding joint – Between zygapophyses of the successive vertebrae
- (3) Cartilaginous joint – Skull bones
- (4) Fibrous joint – Between phalanges

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Q.56 What will happen if ligaments are torn?

[AIPMT 2002]

- (1) Bones will move freely at joint and no pain.
- (2) Bone less movable at joint and pain.
- (3) Bone will become unfixed.
- (4) Bone will become fixed.

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Q.57 Which statement is correct for muscle contraction?

[AIPMT 2001]

- (1) Length of H-zone decreases
- (2) Length of A-band remains constant
- (3) Length of I-band increases
- (4) Length of two Z-line increases

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Q.58 What is sarcomere? [AIPMT 2001]

- (1) Part between two H-lines
- (2) Part between two A-lines
- (3) Part between two I-bands
- (4) Part between two Z-lines

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full solution



Q.59 Sternum is connected to ribs by [AIPMT 2000]

- (1) bony matter (2) white fibrous cartilage
- (3) hyaline cartilage (4) areolar tissue

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full solution



Q.60 Bone related with skull is [AIPMT 2000]

- (1) coracoid (2) arytenoid
- (3) pterygoid (4) atlas

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Q.61 What is the name of joint between ribs and sternum?

[AIPMT 2000]

- (1) Cartilaginous joint (2) Angular joint
- (3) Gliding joint (4) Fibrous joint

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ANSWER KEY

Ques.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Ans.	2	4	2	4	4	2	2
Ques.	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Ans.	1	2	4	1	1	1	1
Ques.	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Ans.	3	1	3	2	4	1	2
Ques.	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
Ans.	3	2	4	2	1	2	4
Ques.	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
Ans.	1	1	3	1	3	1	2
Ques.	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
Ans.	4	1	4	1	1	2	1
Ques.	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
Ans.	3	2	2	3	1	1	1
Ques.	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
Ans.	1	3	4	3	2	2	2
Ques.	57	58	59	60	61		
Ans.	1, 2	4	3	3	1		